



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

CUBA.

Reports from Cienfuegos, Casilda, and Santa Cruz del Sur.

CIENFUEGOS, CUBA, June 24, 1901.

SIR: Through the chief quarantine officer for the island of Cuba, I have the honor to transmit the following report for the district under my command, for the week ended June 22, 1901:

Seventeen deaths have occurred in this city, 1 of which occurred in the civil hospital. No contagious diseases reported. The following shows causes of death: Dysentery, 2; tuberculosis, 1; tetanus, infantile, 1; enterocolitis, 1; enteritis, malarial, 1; enteritis, chronic, 1; enteritis, acute, 1; pernicious fever, 1; paludism, 1; old age, 1; intestinal obstruction, 1; insufficiency, aortic, 1; wounds, 1; pustule, malignant, 1; malaria, 1; anæmia, 1. Death rate per 1,000 inhabitants, 22.16.

After receiving the report of the medical officer on his return from Jucaro, it was decided that the cases had been varicella. It was accordingly recommended to the chief quarantine officer that the quarantine against Jucaro be removed. This recommendation was approved by him and at once put into effect. Twelve vessels inspected and passed, granted pratique; 15 bills of health issued vessels leaving Cienfuegos; 122 health certificates issued passengers leaving Cienfuegos; 137 pieces of baggage of outgoing passengers inspected and passed, and 16 pieces of baggage from Havana, destination Manzanillo and Santiago, labeled to be disinfected at port of destination.

Casilda.—Acting Asst. Surg. Alejandro Cantero. No report.

Santa Cruz del Sur.—Acting Asst. Surg. Juan R. Xiques reports 1 death at that port. No contagious diseases reported; 4 vessels inspected and passed, granted pratique, and 2 bills of health issued vessels leaving that port.

Respectfully,

T. D. BERRY,
Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Inspection of immigrants at Cienfuegos during the week ended June 24, 1901.

CIENFUEGOS, CUBA, June 24, 1901.

SIR: I herewith submit report of alien steerage passengers at this port during the week ended June 22, 1901: June 22, steamship *Madrileno*, from Barcelona, with 7 immigrants.

Respectfully,

T. D. BERRY,
Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Report from Gibara—Vital statistics for the year 1900 and the deaths from yellow fever during last five years.

GIBARA, CUBA, June 15, 1901.

SIR: Through the chief quarantine officer for the island of Cuba, I have the honor to inclose herewith report of vital statistics of Gibara, Cuba, for the year 1900. I have included in the report the number of

deaths from yellow fever which have occurred at the port of Gibara for the last five years, up to and including 1900.

Respectfully,

S. GOMEZ,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

[Inclosure.]

Report of vital statistics of Gibara, Cuba, for the year 1900—Bertillon classification.

I. GENERAL DISEASES.

	Deaths.		Deaths.
1. Typhoid fever.....	1	26. Tubercle of larynx.....	1
4. Fever, intermittent.....	7	27. Tubercle of lungs.....	23
4A. Malarial cachexia.....	13	28. Tubercle of meninges.....	1
8. Whooping cough.....	1	34. Generalized tubercle.....	4
9. Diphtheria and croup.....	1	39. Cancer of buccal cavity.....	1
10. La grippe.....	1	42. Cancer of female genitals.....	3
14. Dysentery.....	3	46. Other tumors.....	5
16. Yellow fever.....	1	47. Rheumatism.....	1
18. Erysipelas.....	1	50. Diabetes.....	2
20. Purulent infection and septi- cæmia.....	3	53. Leukæmia.....	1

II. DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM.

61. Meningitis, simple.....	4	72. Tetanus.....	20
64. Cerebral congestion and hemor- rhage.....	4	74. Other diseases of the nervous system.....	1

III. DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.

78. Endocarditis.....	2	81. Affections of the arteries.....	2
79. Organic diseases of the heart.....	10	82. Embolus and thrombosis.....	1

IV. DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY APPARATUS.

90. Acute bronchitis.....	1	92. Broncho-pneumonia.....	1
91. Chronic bronchitis.....	1	93. Pneumonia.....	1

V. DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE APPARATUS.

100. Affections of the mouth and its adnexas.....	1		
103. Ulcer of the stomach.....	1		
105. Diarrhea and enteritis (under 2 years).....	9		
106. Diarrhea and enteritis (2 years and over).....	1		
112. Cirrhosis of the liver.....	3		

VI. DISEASES OF THE GENITO-URINARY APPARATUS.

119. Acute nephritis.....	1		
120. Bright's disease.....	4		

VII. THE PUERPERAL STATE.

135. Hemorrhage, puerperal.....	1		
137. Septicæmia, puerperal.....	1		
138. Albuminuria and puerperal eclampsia.....	2		

VIII. DISEASES OF THE SKIN AND CELLULAR TISSUE.

142. Gangrene.....	1		
--------------------	---	--	--

XI. EARLY INFANCY.

151. Congenital icterus, debility and scleroma.....	4		
---	---	--	--

XIII. AFFECTIONS PRODUCED BY EXTERNAL CAUSES.

166. Other accidental traumatisms.....	3
172. Accidental submersion.....	3

XIV. ILL-DEFINED DISEASES.

177. Dropsy.....	1
Total number of deaths, 148. Death rate, 20.60.	

DEATHS BY AGES.

From 0 to 30 days, 26; from 30 days to 1 year, 14; from 1 year to 2 years, 11; from 5 years to 10 years, 8; from 10 years to 20 years, 8; from 20 years to 30 years, 18; from 30 years to 40 years, 16; from 40 years to 50 years, 17; from 50 years to 60 years, 18; from 60 years to 70 years, 5; from 70 years to 80 years, 5; from 80 years to 90 years, 0; from 90 years to 100 years, 2. Total, 148.

DEATHS FROM INFECTIOUS AND CONTAGIOUS DISEASES.

Tuberculosis, 29; yellow fever, 1; typhoid fever, 1; diphtheria, 1; malarial fevers, 20; puerperal fevers, 1; whooping cough, 1; erysipelas, 1; dysentery, 1; la grippe, 1; tetanus, 20; septicæmia, 3. Total, 82.

DEATHS FROM YELLOW FEVER FOR LAST FIVE YEARS.

1896, 53; 1897, 46; 1898, 11; 1899, 0; 1900, 1. Total, 111.

Marriages recorded during the year 1900.

Month.	White.	Colored.	Month.	White.	Colored.
January.....	4	0	August.....	3	3
February.....	4	2	September.....	6	1
March.....	4	1	October.....	7	0
April.....	3	1	November.....	2	1
May.....	5	0	December.....	2	1
June.....	6	1			
July.....	2	2	Total.....	48	13

Births recorded during the year 1900.

	Legitimate.	Illegitimate.	Total.
White, male.....	89	11	100
White, female.....	67	10	77
Colored, male.....	4	5	9
Colored, female.....	10	6	16
Total.....	170	32	202

Report from Havana—No yellow fever in the island—Concerning the case suspected of being typhus fever.

HAVANA, CUBA, June 25, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of the transactions at this station for the week ended June 22, 1901:

There have been no cases of yellow fever reported during the week. The sanitary condition of the city is excellent and there has been an entire absence of yellow fever since May 13.

A case of typhus fever having been reported at Cardenas, P. A.